

# UNITED STATES DI RTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Pater and Trademark Office

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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/549,647 04/14/00 SEYDEL 5 SYC28C **EXAMINER** IM22/0606 CORT FLINT P A HARDEE.J P 0 BOX 10827 PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT GREENVILLE SC 29603-0827 1751 DATE MAILED: 06/06/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

## Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/549,647

Applicanti

Seydel et al.

Examiner

John R. Hardee

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	ars on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS S THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	<del>_</del>
<ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community.</li> </ul>	7 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed
<ul> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) d be considered timely.</li> </ul>	ays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will
<ul> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute communication.</li> </ul>	ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will,	, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.
3) Since this application is in condition for allowand closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-20</u>	is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideratio
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
6) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-20</u>	is/are rejected.
7)	is/are objected to.
8) Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement
Application Papers	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is	/are objected to by the Examiner.
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	
12) $\square$ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
13) $\square$ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
a) $\square$ All b) $\square$ Some* c) $\square$ None of:	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents h	nave been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents h	nave been received in Application No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Butself See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domes	
Attachment(s)	
15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).
16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20) Other:

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. What does applicant mean by the recitation that the enzyme particles are "substantially completely" coated? Without a working definition of the term "substantially completely", the scope of the claims cannot be determined.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 97/19161 in view of Salsman, US 4,977,191. The WO discloses that enzyme granules may be coated with soil-repellant polymers (p. 11, last para. to p. 12, 2nd para.) Suitable polymers for this purpose include mixed polymers and copolymers of polyoxyethylene glycol and polyethylene terephthalate, as well as polymers of difunctional acids and cycloalkylene polyglycols (p. 4, last para.) Encapsulation of the enzyme in a polymer improves the shelf life of the enzyme, and can assist in solubilizing the enzyme as well (p. 4, 1st full para.) Any of a number of conventional builder materials may be incorporated into the granules (p. 9, first para.) Enzyme granules are formed by extrusion, and the outer coating is formed by e.g., spheronizing and drying (p. 11, last

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para.) These granules may be incorporated into detergent compositions at 0.1-50% by weight (p. 7, 3rd para.). A polymer comprising recycled terephthalate is not disclosed.

Salsman discloses a water-soluble or water-dispersible polyester resin comprising a reaction product of 20-50 wt % of waste terephthalate, 10-40% of at least one glycol and 5-25% by weight of at least one oxyalkylated polyol (col. 1, lines 53-59). This resin may be applied to fabric. At p. 10, lines 7-13 of the specification, applicants state that the polymer of Salsman is the polymer of their invention.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to coat an enzyme granule with the polymer of Salsman, because the WO teaches that a terephthalate resin coating can improve the shelf life of an enzyme in a laundry detergent, and that said resins have utility as antisoiling polymers. The Salsman and WO references both address the problem of coating fabrics, so the combination is valid.

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is of interest and is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to the examiner, Dr. John R. Hardee, whose telephone number is (703) 305-5599. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:30 until 4:00. In

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the event that the examiner is not available, his supervisor, Dr. Yogendra Gupta, may be reached at (703) 308-4708.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

John R. Hardee

Primary Examiner

June 1, 2001